

Ixef® HC-1022

polyarylamide

Ixef® HC-1022 is a 50% glass-fiber reinforced, general purpose polyarylamide compound that exhibits very high strength and rigidity, outstanding surface gloss, and excellent creep resistance.

based on biocompatibility testing as defined by ISO 10993:1. Solvay offers these materials for healthcare applications that require limited exposure (less than 24 hours) to the body.

Ixef® HC-1022 shows no evidence of cytotoxicity, sensitization, intracutaneous reactivity or systemic toxicity

- Black: HC-1022 BK 001
- Natural: HC-1022 NT 000

General

Material Status	• Commercial: Active	
Availability	• Africa & Middle East • Asia Pacific • Europe	• Latin America • North America
Filler / Reinforcement	• Glass Fiber, 50% Filler by Weight	
Features	• Biocompatible • Chemical Resistant • Creep Resistant • E-beam Sterilizable • Ethylene Oxide Sterilizable • General Purpose • Good Dimensional Stability • Good Sterilizability	• High Flow • High Strength • Low Moisture Absorption • Outstanding Surface Finish • Radiation (Gamma) Resistant • Radiation Sterilizable • Radiotranslucent • Ultra High Stiffness
Uses	• Dental Applications • High Gloss Applications • Hospital Goods	• Medical Devices • Medical/Healthcare Applications • Surgical Instruments
Agency Ratings	• ISO 10993	
RoHS Compliance	• RoHS Compliant	
Appearance	• Black	• Natural Color
Forms	• Pellets	
Processing Method	• Injection Molding	

Physical	Dry	Conditioned	Unit	Test method
Density	1.64	--	g/cm ³	ISO 1183
Molding Shrinkage	0.10 to 0.30	--	%	ISO 294-4
Water Absorption (24 hr, 23°C)	0.16	--	%	ISO 62
Moisture Absorption - Equil, 65% RH	1.50	--		Internal Method

Mechanical	Dry	Conditioned	Unit	Test method
Tensile Modulus	19500	19500	MPa	ISO 527-2
Tensile Stress (Break)	280	260	MPa	ISO 527-2
Tensile Strain (Break)	1.9	2.2	%	ISO 527-2
Flexural Modulus	18500	--	MPa	ISO 178
Flexural Stress	380	--	MPa	ISO 178

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Impact	Dry	Conditioned	Unit	Test method
Notched Izod Impact	110	--	J/m	ASTM D256
Unnotched Izod Impact	850	--	J/m	ASTM D256

Thermal	Dry	Conditioned	Unit	Test method
Heat Deflection Temperature 1.8 MPa, Unannealed	230	--	°C	ISO 75-2/A
CLTE - Flow	1.5E-5	--	cm/cm/°C	ISO 11359-2

Injection	Dry	Unit
Drying Temperature	120	°C
Drying Time	0.50 to 1.5	hr
Rear Temperature	250 to 260	°C
Front Temperature	260 to 290	°C
Nozzle Temperature	260 to 290	°C
Processing (Melt) Temp	280	°C
Mold Temperature	120 to 140	°C
Injection Rate	Fast	

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Injection Notes

Hot runners: 250°C to 260°C (482°C to 500°F)

Storage

Ixef® compounds are shipped in moisture-resistant packages at moisture levels according to specifications. Sealed, undamaged bags should be preferably stored in a dry room at a maximum temperature of 50°C (122°F) and should be protected from possible damage. If only a portion of a package is used, the remaining material should be transferred into a sealable container. It is recommended that Ixef® resins be dried prior to molding following the recommendations found in this datasheet and/or in the Ixef® processing guide.

Drying

The material as supplied is ready for molding without drying. However, If the bags have been open for longer than 24 hours, the material needs to be dried. When using a desiccant air dryer with dew point of -28°C (-18°F) or lower, these guidelines can be followed: 0.5-1.5 hour at 120°C (248°F), 1-3 hours at 100°C (212°F), or 1-7 hours at 80°C (176°F).

Injection Molding

Ixef® HC-1022 compound can be readily injection molded in most screw injection molding machines. A general purpose screw is recommended, with minimum back pressure.

The measured melt temperature should be about 280°C (536°F), and the barrel temperatures should be around 250 to 260°C (482 to 500°F) in the rear zone, gradually increasing to 260 to 290°C (500 to 554°F) in the front zone. If hot runners are used, they should be set to 250 to 260°C (482 to 500°F).

To maximize crystallinity, the temperature of the mold cavity surface must be held between 120 and 140°C (248 and 284°F). Molding at lower temperatures will produce articles that may warp, have poor surface appearance, and have a greater tendency to creep. Set injection pressure to give rapid injection. Adjust holding pressure and hold time to maximize part weight. Transfer from injection to hold pressure at the screw position just before the part is completely filled (95-99%).

Notes

Typical properties: these are not to be construed as specifications.